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## AP Human Geography

## Distribution of the World's States

In the world today there are 195 sovereign states. They are come in all shapes and sizes and consist of many different ethnicities, races, and nationalities. Many, however, share similarities with one another. The task for this assignment is to create a series of maps that display the distribution of those similarities.
*When creating these maps be sure to use the same color for each category and complete the legend/key on the bottom of the maps.

## Map Side 1

1. Locate and color the ten largest states in the world.
a. Russia, Canada, The United States, China, Brazil, Australia, India, Argentina, Kazakhstan, Algeria
2. Locate and color the ten micro-states of the world.
a. Grenada, Malta, Maldives, St Kitts and Nevis, Liechtenstein, San Marino, Tuvalu, Nauru, Monaco, Vatican
3. Locate and color the following disputed states in the world.
a. Korea, Kosovo, Western Sahara, Taiwan, Tibet, Cyprus
4. Locate and color the 3 states that are not a part of the United Nations.
a. Kosovo, Taiwan, and Vatican City
5. Locate and color the following nation- states in the world.
a. Japan, Iceland, Denmark, Albania, Armenia, Bangladesh, Egypt, Estonia, Hungary, Mongolia, Lithuania, Azerbaijan, Lesotho, Swaziland

## Map Side 2 (All examples I provide are in Africa)

1. Compact States- Distance from the center of the state to any boundary does not vary significantly; shaped like a circle
a. Locate and color the following examples- Burundi, Kenya, Rwanda, Uganda
b. Identify, locate, and color 5 more examples you determine (Does not need to be in Africa)
i.
ii.
iii.
iv.
v.
2. Elongated States- Long and narrow in shape
a. Locate and color the following examples- Gambia, Malawi, Mozambique
b. Identify, locate, and color 5 more examples you determine (Does not need to be in Africa)
i.
ii.
iii.
iv.
v.
3. Prorupted States- A compact state that has a large extension
a. Locate and color the following examples- Democratic Republic of the Congo, Namibia
b. Identify, locate, and color 5 more examples you determine (Does not need to be in Africa)
i.
ii.
iii.
iv.
v.
4. Perforated States- Completely surrounds another state
a. Locate and color the following examples- South Africa
b. Identify, locate and color the only other official example of a perforated state i.
5. Fragmented States- Includes several discontinuous pieces of territory (can be separated by water or land
a. Locate and color the following examples- Angola, Tanzania, Equatorial Guinea
b. Identify, locate, and color 5 more examples you determine (Does not need to be in Africa)
i.
ii.
iii.
iv.
v.
6. Landlocked States- Lacks direct outlet to the sea because it is completely surrounded by several countries
a. Locate and color the following examples- Mali, Chad, Niger, Central Africa Republic, South Sudan
b. Identify, locate, and color 5 more examples you determine (Does not need to be in Africa)
i.
ii.
iii.
iv.
v.

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